**The Black Loyalists**

**Lord Dunmore: Governor of Virginia**

* Offered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to all enslaved Africans that would take up arms and fight for Britain. Those that did fight for Britain were called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* His Proclamation was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of slaves in American history

• The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_was the first black fighting unit of the Revolution. They were trained in musket shooting and formation marching. They had special uniforms with the insignia “Liberty to Slaves” embroidered on them.

**Philipsburg Proclamation**

* Lord Dunmore’s policy became an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_policy.

Plantations were supporting the rebels and as slaves were escaping this was weakening the enemies economy. The Patriots also had to use soldiers to guard their plantations, instead of using them for battles. Some of the escaped slaves were put to work on captured plantations to grow food for the British.

* Sir \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_issued the Philipsburg Proclamation in 1779. It expanded Dunmore’s Proclamation. It stated that any runaway slave, from any colony, would be issued their\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, whether they fought for Britain or not. Clinton issued the Black Pioneers to be formed.

**Black Soldiers**

They served as\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

They dug fortifications, built huts and accommodations

The Black Brigade were guerillas that conducted raids, stole supplies and assassinated Patriots across New Jersey. Their leader was Colonel Tye.

**Colonel Tye**

Born a slave

His birth name was Titus

Was one of the original leaders of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

He was the most feared Loyalist in New Jersey

He was the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_black soldier of the American Revolution. Tye died of a muskeet shot to the wrist.

**Americans used Black Soldiers**

Congress issued a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_law that increased Black soldiers in their army

It stated that free males, between 16 and 50 years of age were to be enrolled into militias & military companies

* When the American victory became certain, thousands of people of African descent, free and enslaved, made their way to one of the last British strongholds,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**The Deal**

Agreements were made between:

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (The British Commander)

&

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (The new President of the USA)

The agreement they made was to allow those enslaved and free people, who joined the British before\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, to be removed to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_owned territories.

Others who joined after 1779, were given back to their owners or sold to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* When the war ended the Treaty of Paris was being drafted, all blacks leaving New York were issued\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Their names were also recorded in a log book known as Carleton’s Book of Negroes

The Black Loyalists were offered the same as the White Loyalists: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_They arrived in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_between 1783 and 1785.

White Loyalists also came to the Maritimes and brought their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with them

**Population**

* Approximately \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_new people arrived in Nova Scotia, which tripled the population.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_were Free Black Loyalists
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_were slaves, & indentured servants of White Loyalists
* Majority settled in Shelburne County (1,500)
  + Indentured servants and slaves settled in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
  + Free blacks settled in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Birchtown**

* Birchtown was settled in 1783 by the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, commander of the Black Pioneers
* Blucke was ordered to organize the clearing and construction of Shelburne and to settle the Black Loyalists in Birchtown
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Black Loyalists settled there.
* They called their settlement Birchtown after\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the commander in New York who signed their freedom certificates
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, at its peak, was the largest free Black community in the world, outside of Africa
* The land they received was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and was covered with thick forests.
* Most of the white loyalists were town merchants and never cleared land before.
* The Black Pioneers had experience in clearing land and cutting down trees; therefore, most of the brute labour was left up to them.
* The Black Loyalists were the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Many did not receive town lots
* Many could not afford to have their land surveyed and therefore, could not build on it.
* They did not receive the proper tools to clear their land or to build shelters.
* Their settlements were in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_communities that were far from main towns.
* Birchtown became known as “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” because not many foundations were built

**Jobs**

* In most jobs, blacks only received about a \_\_\_\_ of the wages a white man would receive.
* Blacks were considered valuable employees because many of them were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tradesmen, who would accept \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wages to get a job.
* White employers could easily exploit them as the law did not protect them
* The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_industry was the most attractive career for blacks because it was the one job where they were paid the same was whites.

**Shelburne Riot of 1784**

* Another name for Shelburne was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Blacks were denied the right to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_or have a trial by jury
* Blacks were given harsh punishments for small crimes.
* They were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from dances and gambling
* Offenders were convicted and thrown in jail
* They were eventually banned from any non-religious gatherings
* Repeat offenders had their homes seized
* White Loyalists blamed Black Loyalists from taking jobs away from them by accepting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* They were angry about not getting their land surveyed in the time promised to them
* Racial tensions arose
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_was the leading Baptist minister among blacks
* He is known as the founding father of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_church in the Maritimes.
* He started to baptize whites, which outraged the whites
* A white mob went to David George’s the next day and tied ropes to the house and pulled the house down.
* They then did the same to his followers’ homes
* They destroyed the black homes and beat them out of town
* Many blacks fled to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leaving all their belongings behind
* David George hid in a swamp, but was found and beaten. He eventually fled to Birchtown.
* The white mob wanted to hang Marston, the man responsible for land distribution, but he was warned and fled.
* The population of Birchtown doubled.
* The mob still attacked black travelers the next month until \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_sent in troops to restore order
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Nova Scotia earned the nickname \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_because the population tripled with the arrival of the loyalists & the British stopped supporting them which caused extreme poverty in the province. Famine broke out.

**Sharecropping**

Many blacks became sharecroppers.

This was when they would work on a white man’s land and give him ½ their crops

The sharecropper would have to save seed for next season’s crop

This made them stay in constant\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Often blacks became \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to pay off debts.

Most were tricked into longer contracts, as they could not read or write.

Many blacks decided that Canada was not the Promise Land they thought.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_was selected to go to London, England with a petition of grievances

While in England he met with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Company

1,190 Black Loyalists left Nova Scotia in 1792 and sailed to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Africa.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had her freedom papers stolen & was claimed as a slave.

She is considered Canada’s 1st female police officer = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was tricked into 39 years of indentured servitude because she could not read or write.